



SHARK SPECIES INVENTORY IN CABO SAN LUCAS, MEXICO, USING A TOURISTIC PLATFORM AS METHODOLOGY

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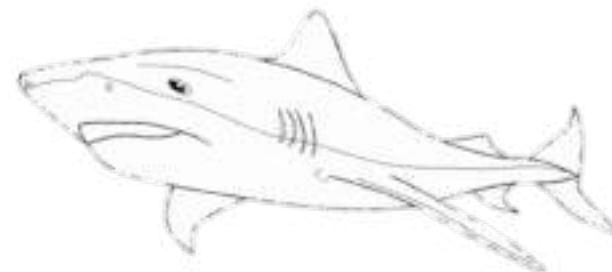




PELAGIC SHARKS

- Oceanic and semi-oceanic species
- 6% of elasmobranchs
- Low variation of body plans

(Camhi 2009; Meyer *et al.* 2009)





TOURIST PLATFORMS

- Complex life cycle
- Research difficult



(Clua *et al.* 2010; Gallagher & Hammerschlag 2011; Brunnenschweiler *et al.* 2014)

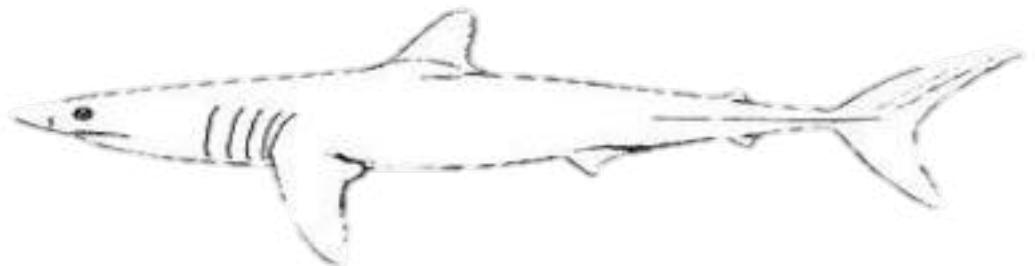




HYPOTHESIS

Characteristics of study area

- High species richness
- Seasonal patterns of relative abundance

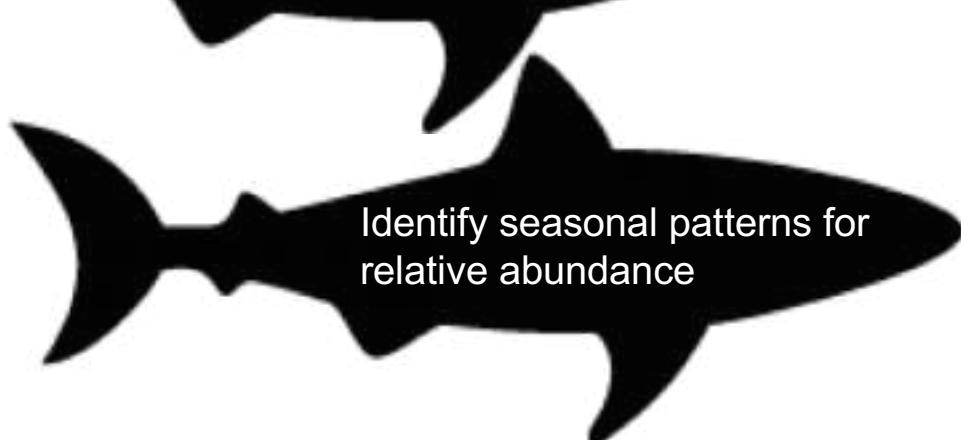




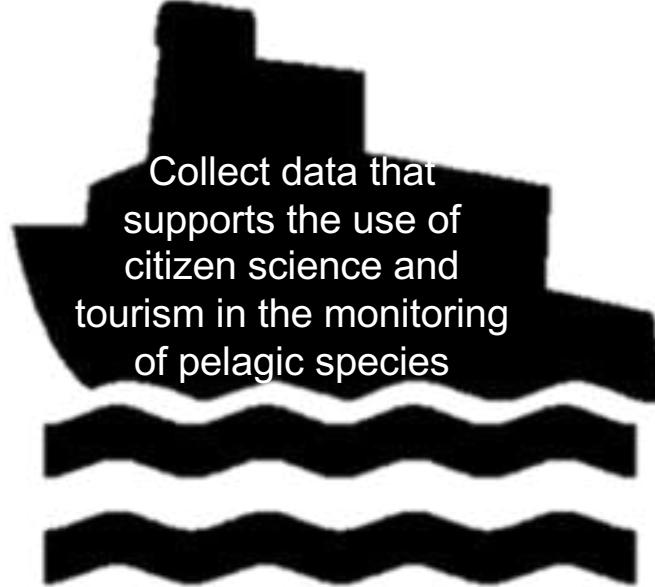
OBJECTIVES



Create an inventory for pelagic sharks in Cabo San Lucas

A black silhouette of a shark's head and upper body is positioned above a white speech bubble containing text.

Identify seasonal patterns for relative abundance

A black silhouette of a shark's head and upper body is positioned above a white speech bubble containing text.

Collect data that supports the use of citizen science and tourism in the monitoring of pelagic species

A black silhouette of a boat's hull and wake is positioned above a white speech bubble containing text.

CABO SAN LUCAS

Study area

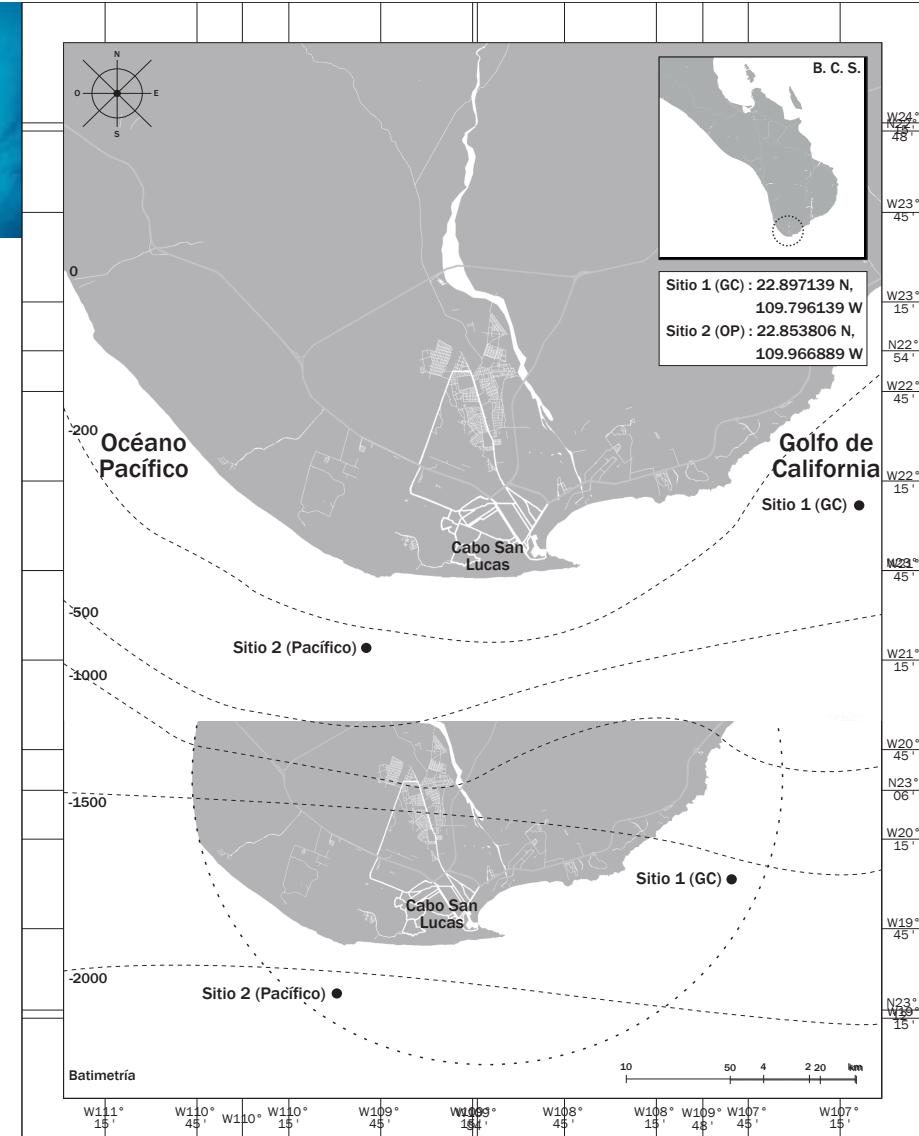




CABO SAN LUCAS

- Pacific Ocean- Gulf of California
- Narrow continental platform
- Seasonal changes in water temperature

(Aguilar-Palomino *et al.* 1998; Zúñiga-Flores 2004)





MATERIAL AND METHODS

- Submarine census (476 tours, 1428 h)
- Chumming
- Environmental variables
- Biological variables:
 - Species
 - Sex
 - Size estimation
- Monthly relative abundance and SPUE



Mako shark
Isurus oxyrinchus
(González-Armas et al. 2013)



Silky shark
Carcharhinus falciformis
(CONAPESCA 2018)



Blue shark
Prionace glauca
(CONAPESCA 2018)



Smooth hammerhead shark
Sphyrna zygaena



Dusky shark
Carcharhinus obscurus



Galapagos shark
Carcharhinus galapagensis

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FLUJO DE AGUA Y VIDA EN EL OcéANO MEXICANO



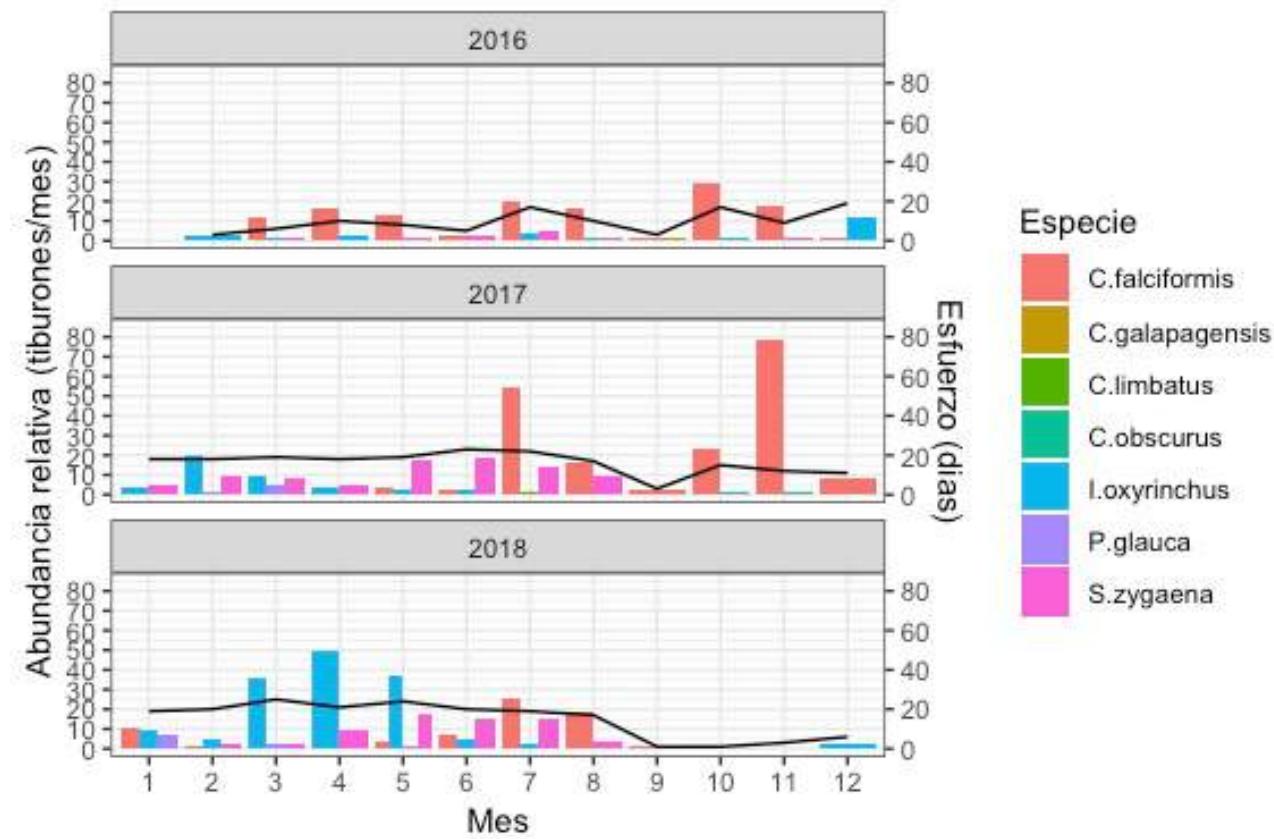
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Blacktip shark
Carcharhinus limbatus



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Scalloped hammerhead shark
Sphyrna lewini





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TU DÍA DE MAR UN MEJOR DÍA PARA EL MÉRICO

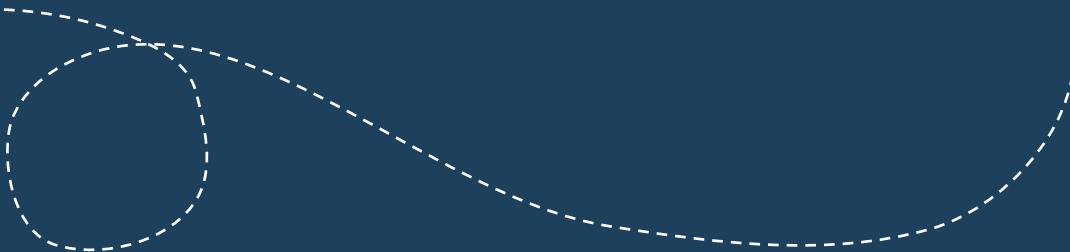


Jacob Brunetti
www.cabosharkdive.com

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MUERDE UNA UNIDAD DE ALCOHOL. PERO SE MEZCLA.



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MUERDE UN POCO DE TODO EL MUNDO



CONCLUSIONS



We've observed 8 species of pelagic sharks so far

We suggest a seasonal replacement of the most abundant species throughout the year

Using tourism and citizen science as a first approach to these populations is quite effective



¡THANKS!

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